



ALPHA & OMEGA
SEMICONDUCTOR

AO4614

40V Dual P + N-Channel MOSFET

General Description

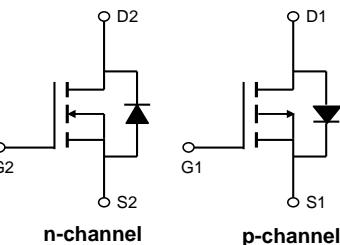
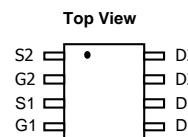
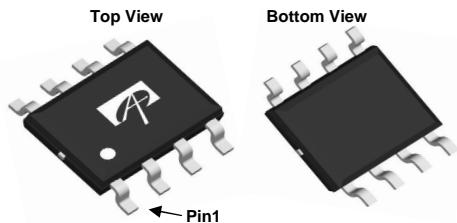
The AO4614 uses advanced trench technology MOSFETs to provide excellent $R_{DS(ON)}$ and low gate charge. The complementary MOSFETs may be used in H-bridge, Inverters and other applications.

Product Summary

N-Channel	P-Channel
V_{DS} (V) = 40V	-40V
I_D = 6A (V_{GS} =10V)	-5A (V_{GS} = -10V)
$R_{DS(ON)}$	$R_{DS(ON)}$
< 31mΩ (V_{GS} =10V)	< 45mΩ (V_{GS} = -10V)
< 45mΩ (V_{GS} =4.5V)	< 63mΩ (V_{GS} = -4.5V)
100% UIS Tested	100% UIS Tested
100% R_g Tested	100% R_g Tested



SOIC-8



Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Parameter	Symbol	Max n-channel	Max p-channel	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	V_{DS}	40	-40	V
Gate-Source Voltage	V_{GS}	± 20	± 20	V
Continuous Drain Current ^A	$T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$	6	-5	A
	$T_A=70^\circ\text{C}$	5	-4	
	$T_A=85^\circ\text{C}$	4.5	-3.8	
Pulsed Drain Current ^B	I_{DM}	20	-20	
Avalanche Current	I_{AS}	12	14	
Single Pulse Avalanche Energy L=0.3mH	E_{AS}	22	29	mJ
Power Dissipation	$T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$	2	2	W
	$T_A=70^\circ\text{C}$	1.28	1.28	
	$T_A=85^\circ\text{C}$	1.05	1.05	
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	T_J, T_{STG}	-55 to 150	-55 to 150	°C

Thermal Characteristics: n-channel and p-channel

Parameter	Symbol	Device	Typ	Max	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^A	$R_{\theta JA}$	n-ch	48	62.5	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^A		n-ch	74	110	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Lead ^C	$R_{\theta JL}$	n-ch	35	50	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^A		p-ch	48	62.5	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^A	$R_{\theta JA}$	p-ch	74	110	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Lead ^C		p-ch	35	50	°C/W

N Channel Electrical Characteristics ($T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
STATIC PARAMETERS						
BV_{DSS}	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D=10\text{mA}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$	40			V
I_{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS}=32\text{V}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$			1	μA
		$T_J=55^\circ\text{C}$			5	
I_{GSS}	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}=0\text{V}, V_{GS}=\pm 20\text{V}$			± 100	nA
$V_{\text{GS(th)}}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=250\mu\text{A}$	1.5	2.3	3	V
$I_{\text{D(ON)}}$	On state drain current	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=5\text{V}$	20			A
$R_{\text{DS(ON)}}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, I_D=6\text{A}$		23.2	31	$\text{m}\Omega$
		$T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$		36	48	
g_{FS}	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}=5\text{V}, I_D=6\text{A}$		22		S
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	$I_S=1\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$		0.77	1	V
I_s	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current				2.5	A
I_{SM}	Pulsed Body-Diode Current ^B				20	A
DYNAMIC PARAMETERS						
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=20\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		404	500	pF
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance			95	120	pF
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			37	50	pF
R_g	Gate resistance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=0\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		2.7	4	Ω
SWITCHING PARAMETERS						
$Q_g(10\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=20\text{V}, I_D=6\text{A}$		8.3	10	nC
$Q_g(4.5\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge			4.2	5.1	nC
Q_{gs}	Gate Source Charge			1.3	2	nC
Q_{gd}	Gate Drain Charge			2.3	3	nC
$t_{\text{D(on)}}$	Turn-On DelayTime	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=20\text{V}, R_L=3.3\Omega, R_{\text{GEN}}=3\Omega$		4.2	5.5	ns
t_r	Turn-On Rise Time			3.3	4.5	ns
$t_{\text{D(off)}}$	Turn-Off DelayTime			15.6	21	ns
t_f	Turn-Off Fall Time			3	4	ns
t_{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F=6\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		20.5	27	ns
Q_{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$I_F=6\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		14.5	19	nC

A: The value of R_{BJA} is measured with the device mounted on 1 in² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$. The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design. The current rating is based on the $t \leq 10\text{s}$ thermal resistance rating.

B: Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature.

C: The R_{BJA} is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to lead R_{BJL} and lead to ambient.

D: The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300 μs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

E: These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

Rev9 : June 2008

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P-Channel Electrical Characteristics ($T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
STATIC PARAMETERS						
BV_{DSS}	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D=-10\text{mA}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$	-40			V
I_{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS}=-32\text{V}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$			-1	μA
			$T_J=55^\circ\text{C}$		-5	
I_{GSS}	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}=0\text{V}, V_{GS}=\pm 20\text{V}$			± 100	nA
$V_{\text{GS(th)}}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=-250\mu\text{A}$	-1.5	-1.9	-3	V
$I_{\text{D(ON)}}$	On state drain current	$V_{GS}=-10\text{V}, V_{DS}=-5\text{V}$	-20			A
$R_{\text{DS(ON)}}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS}=-10\text{V}, I_D=-5\text{A}$		34.7	45	$\text{m}\Omega$
			$T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$	52	65	
g_{FS}	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}=-5\text{V}, I_D=-4.8\text{A}$		12		S
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	$I_S=-1\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$		-0.75	-1	V
I_s	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current				-2.5	A
I_{SM}	Pulsed Body-Diode Current ^B				-20	A
DYNAMIC PARAMETERS						
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=-20\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		657	870	pF
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance			143	200	pF
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			63	110	pF
R_g	Gate resistance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=0\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		6.5	10	Ω
SWITCHING PARAMETERS						
$Q_g(10\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge (10V)	$V_{GS}=-10\text{V}, V_{DS}=-20\text{V}, I_D=-5\text{A}$		13.6	17	nC
$Q_g(4.5\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge (4.5V)			6.8	8.5	nC
Q_{gs}	Gate Source Charge			1.8	2.5	nC
Q_{gd}	Gate Drain Charge			3.9	5	nC
$t_{\text{D(on)}}$	Turn-On DelayTime	$V_{GS}=-10\text{V}, V_{DS}=-20\text{V}, R_L=4\Omega, R_{\text{GEN}}=3\Omega$		7.5	10	ns
t_r	Turn-On Rise Time			6.7	9	ns
$t_{\text{D(off)}}$	Turn-Off DelayTime			26	34	ns
t_f	Turn-Off Fall Time			11.2	15	ns
t_{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F=-5\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		22.3	29	ns
Q_{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$I_F=-5\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		15.2	20	nC

A: The value of R_{BJA} is measured with the device mounted on 1 in² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$. The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design. The current rating is based on the $t \leq 10\text{s}$ thermal resistance rating.

B: Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature.

C. The R_{BJA} is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to lead R_{BJL} and lead to ambient.

D. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6,12,14 are obtained using <300 μs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

E. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating .

Rev8 : Oct 2007

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TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS: N-CHANNEL

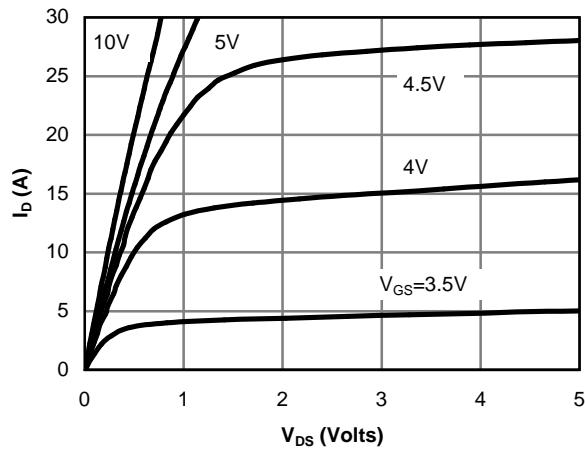


Fig 1: On-Region Characteristics

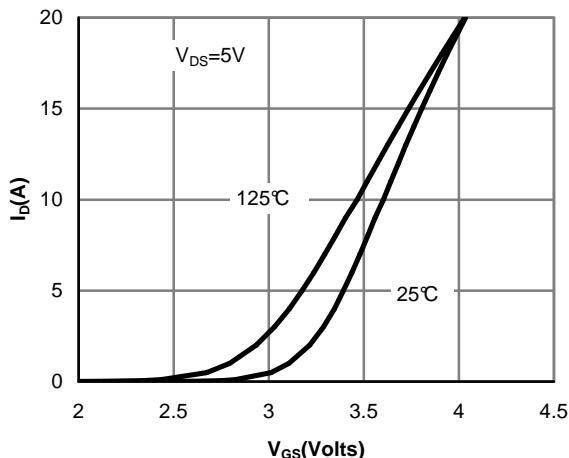


Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics

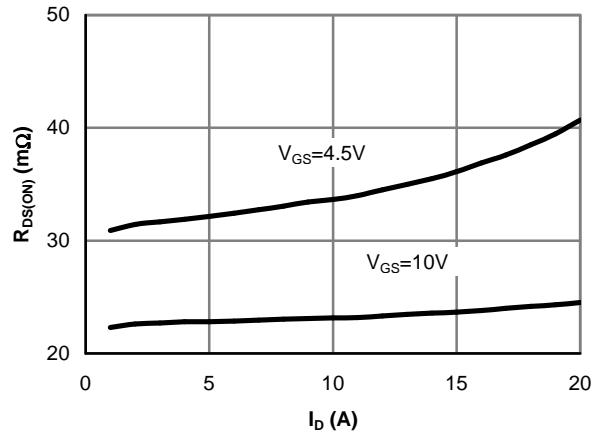


Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage

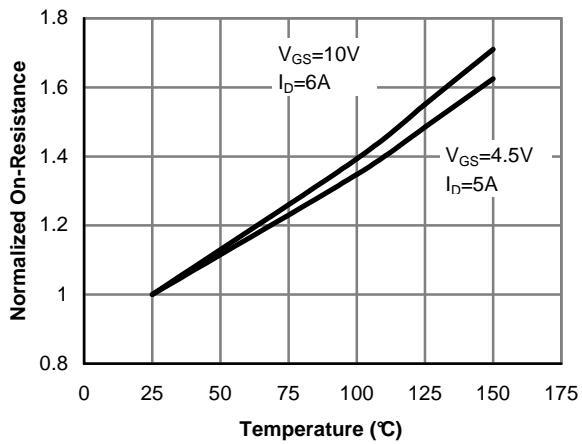


Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature

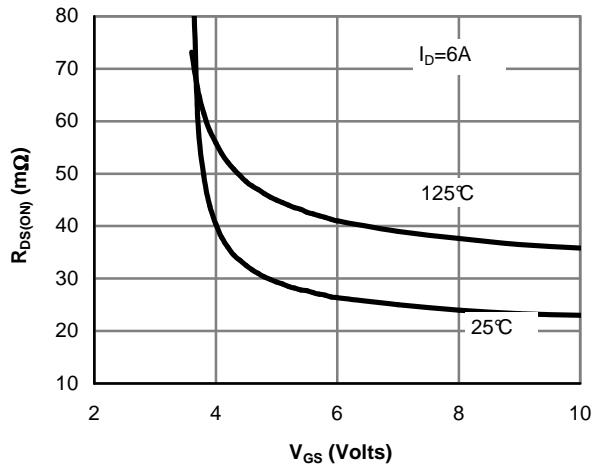


Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage

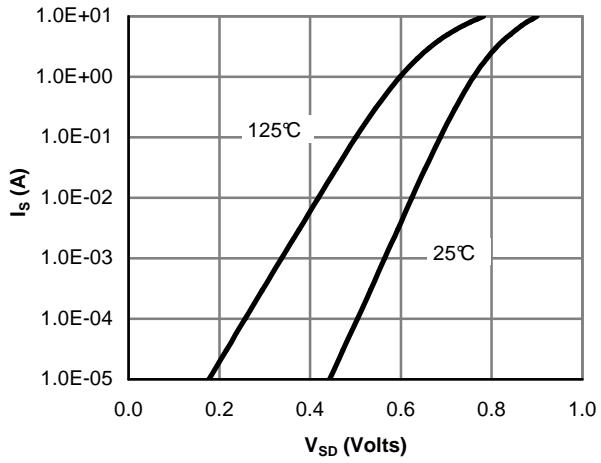


Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS: N-CHANNEL

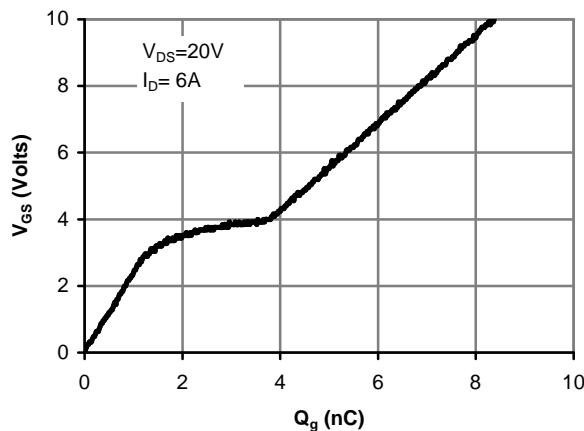


Figure 7: Gate-Charge Characteristics

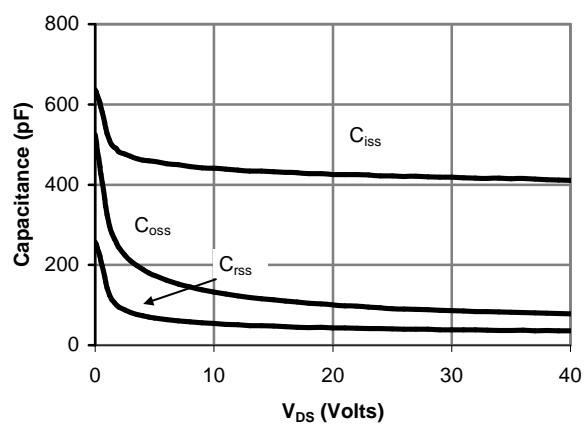


Figure 8: Capacitance Characteristics

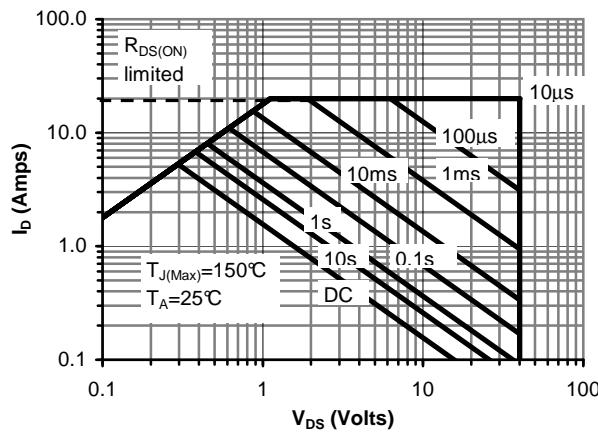


Figure 9: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area (Note E)

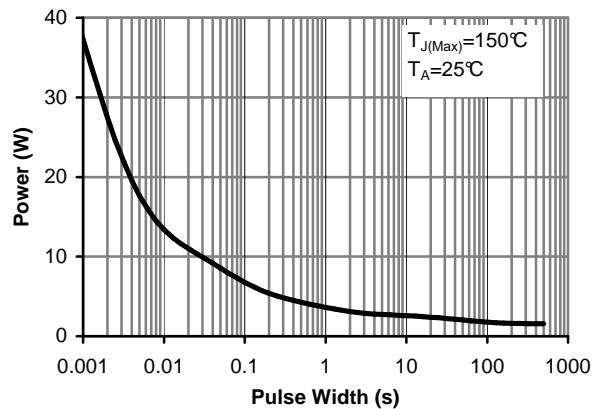


Figure 10: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note E)

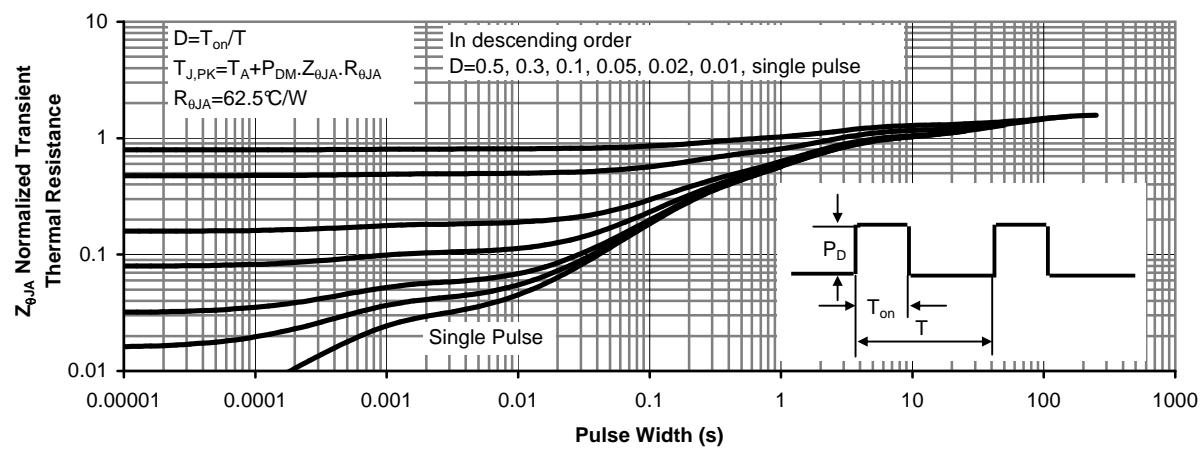


Figure 11: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS: P-CHANNEL

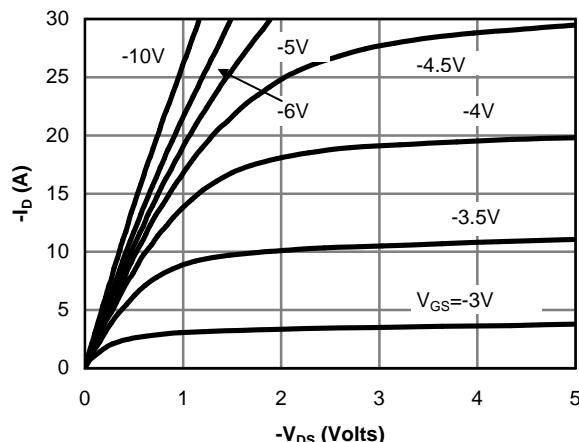


Fig 1: On-Region Characteristics

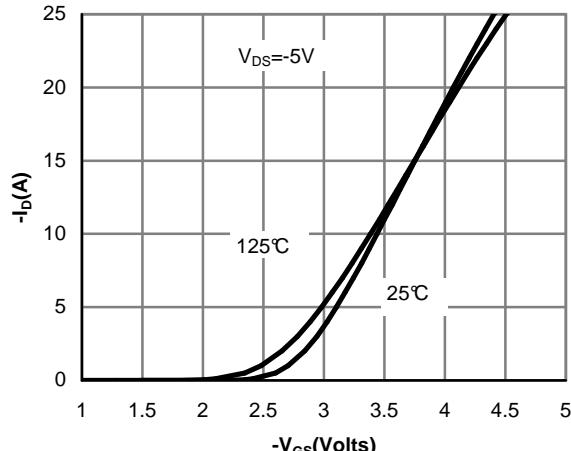


Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics

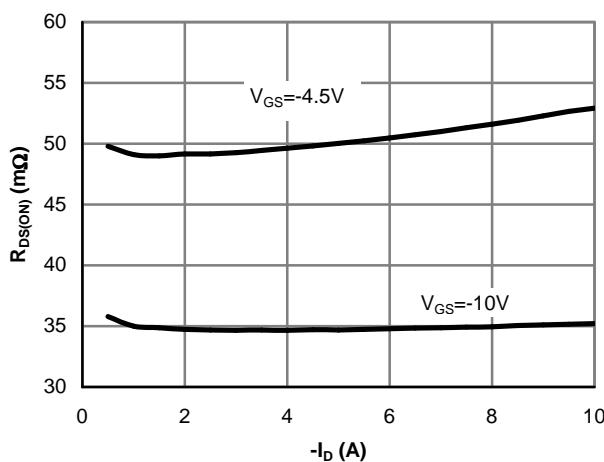


Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage

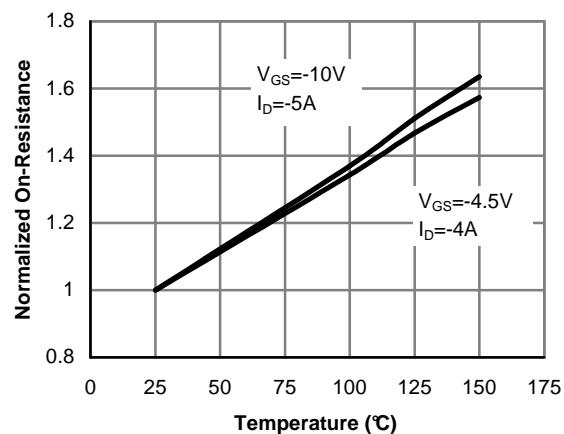


Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature

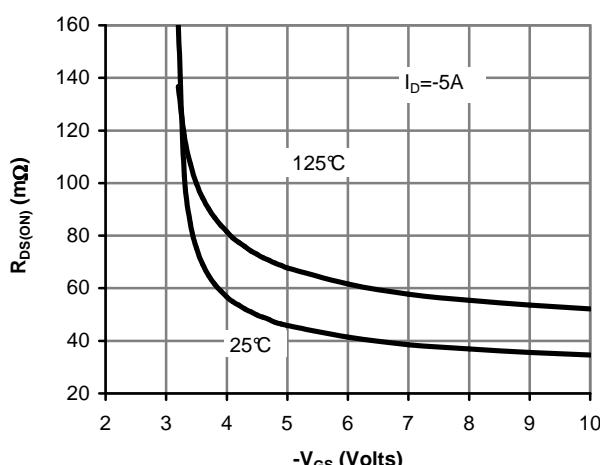


Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage

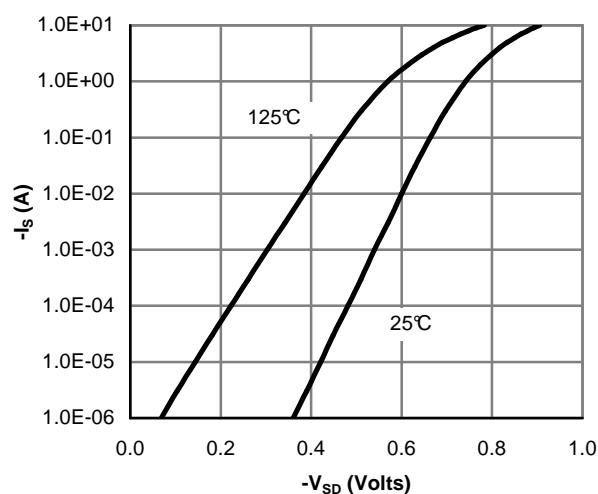


Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS: P-CHANNEL

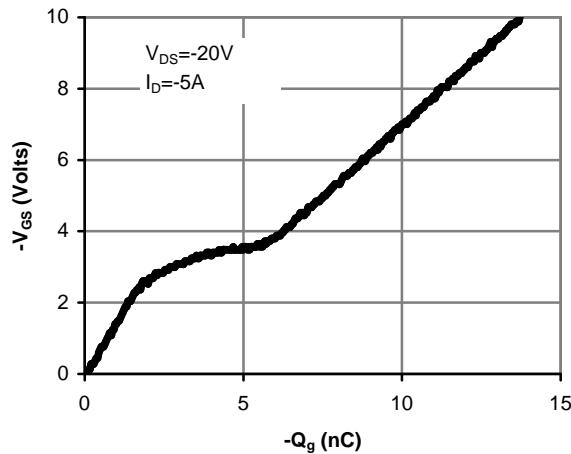


Figure 7: Gate-Charge Characteristics

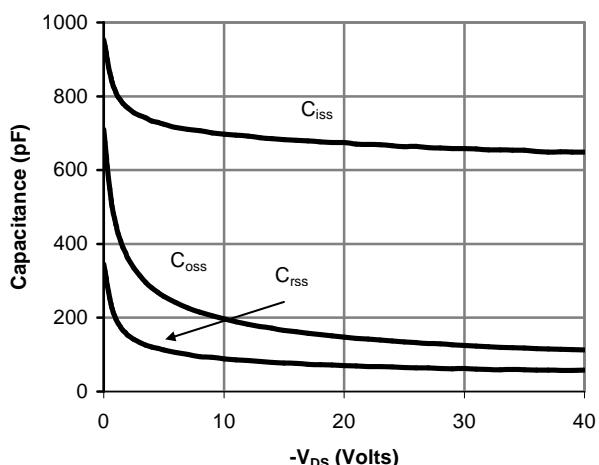


Figure 8: Capacitance Characteristics

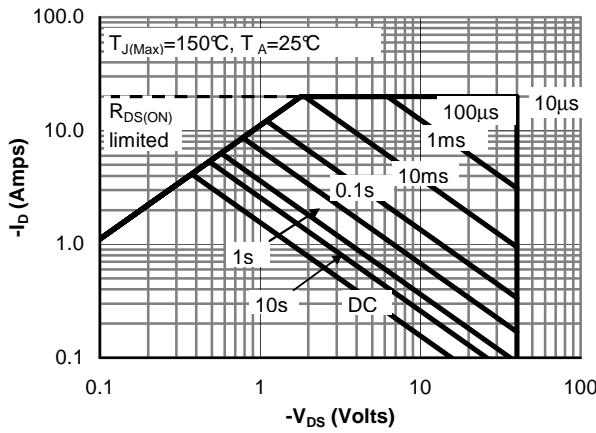


Figure 9: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area (Note E)

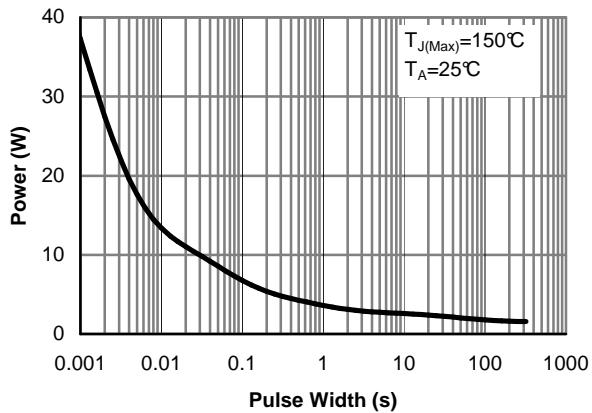


Figure 10: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note E)

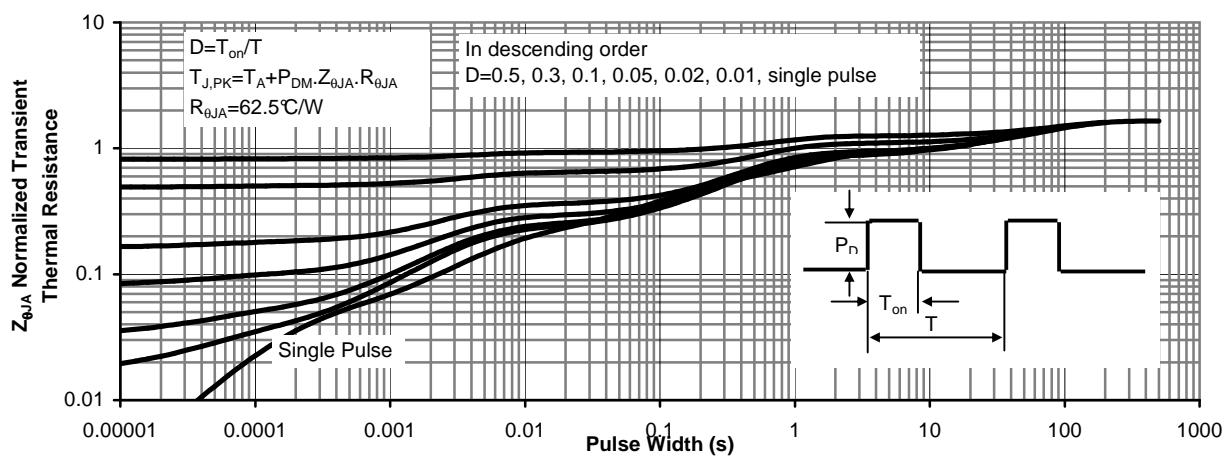


Figure 11: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance